



# **Vision für die Vliesstoffindustrie des Jahres 2025**

Pierre Wiertz, General Manager  
EDANA



*This present moment used to be the unimaginable future.*

Stewart Brand. The Clock of the Long Now

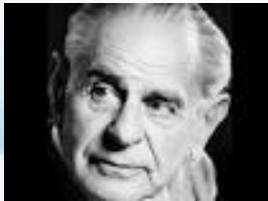
*Wie besser oder wie schlechter wird  
die Welt im Jahr 2025 sein?*

”Ich glaube, dass (...) (es) (ge)rechtfertigt (ist) , ein sehr optimistisches Bild von unserer Zeit zu entwerfen.

Aber ich wage es kaum, Ihnen meine optimistische These vorzulegen. Ich fürchte, Ihr Vertrauen völlig zu verscherzen.

Denn meine These ist die: Ich behaupte, dass unsere Zeit, trotz allem, die beste aller Zeiten ist, von denen wir historische Kenntnis haben”

Sir Karl F. Popper



*WIE BESSER ODER WIE SCHLECHTER WIRD DIE WELT IM JAHR  
2025 SEIN?*

# Our world is changing

Explore the ongoing history of human civilization at the broadest level, through research and data visualization.



A web publication by [Max Roser](#).

[Give me Feedback](#)

“Most of the long-run trends are positive and paint an optimistic view of our world that is unknown to many who only follow the daily news to inform themselves about the world.

The research presented on OWID backs up the statement by Karl Popper.”

Dr Max Roser

“The empirical view of our world shows (...)

- (...) how human societies became less violent and increasingly more democratic
- (...) how new ideas continue to improve living standards

It is the story of declining poverty (...) in a world we care about...

We also need to show where people live in destitute conditions and present clearly what big challenges of today are...”

Dr Max Roser



# Beitrag der Vliesstoff-Industrie zur Sicherung einer besseren Lebensqualität für einen wachsenden Teil der Weltbevölkerung



Personal Care Products



Medical & Healthcare



Civil Engineering & Geotextile



Absorbent Hygiene Products



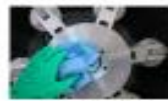
Building



Personal Care Wipes



Household



Industrial Wipes



Protective Clothing



Cable Wrapping



# Inhalt

✓ Vorwort

○ **Ziel dieses Vortrags**

○ Arten von Zukunft

○ Lehren aus der jüngsten Vergangenheit

○ Wachstumsmotor für die Zukunft der  
Vliesstoffindustrie

○ Bevorzugte Zukunft

○ Vision für die Branche des Jahres 2025

○ Schlussfolgerung

# Ziel dieses Vortrags

- Qualitative Erwägungen...
  - ...wie die Branche im Jahr 2025 wahrscheinlich aussehen wird,  
aber auch...
  - ...wie die Industrie im Idealfall aussehen soll...
- Vom EDANA Standpunkt aus:  
« helping members design their future »

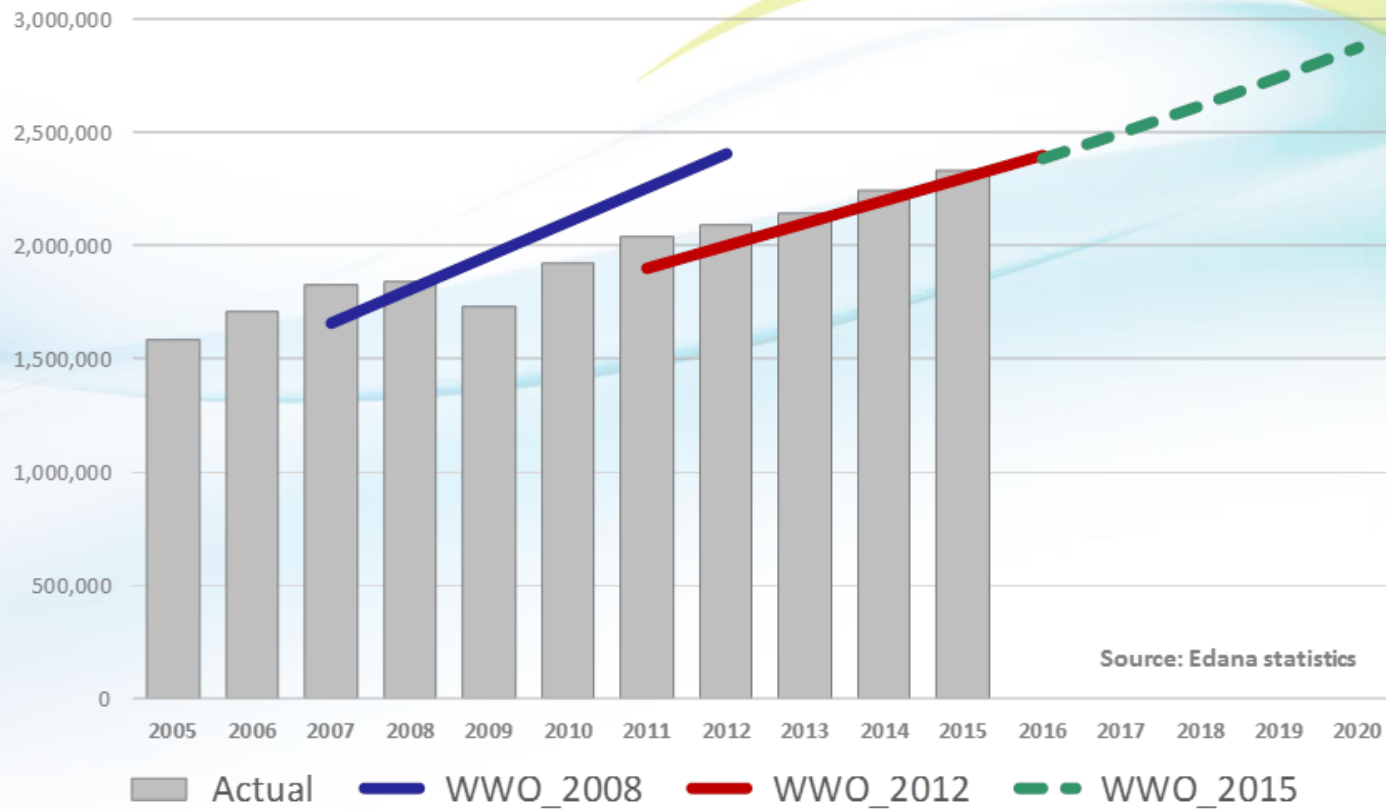
# Types of Futures

- Possible - “might” happen (future knowledge)
- Plausible – “could” happen (current knowledge)
- Probable - “likely to” happen (current trends)
- Preferable - “want to” happen (value judgements)



# Lehren aus der jüngsten Vergangenheit

Vliesstoff-Produktion in Gross-Europa-Tatsächlich versus Prognose  
3 letzte Ausgaben von EDANA-INDA Worldwide Outlook (WWO) für Vliesstoffe



- ✓ Vorwort
- ✓ Ziel dieses Vortrags
- ✓ Arten von Zukunft
- ✓ Lehren aus der jüngsten Vergangenheit
- **Wachstumsmotor für die Zukunft der Vliesstoffindustrie**
- Bevorzugte Zukunft
- Vision für die Branche des Jahres 2025
- Schlussfolgerung

# Our world is changing

Explore the ongoing history of human civilization at the broadest level, through research and data visualization.



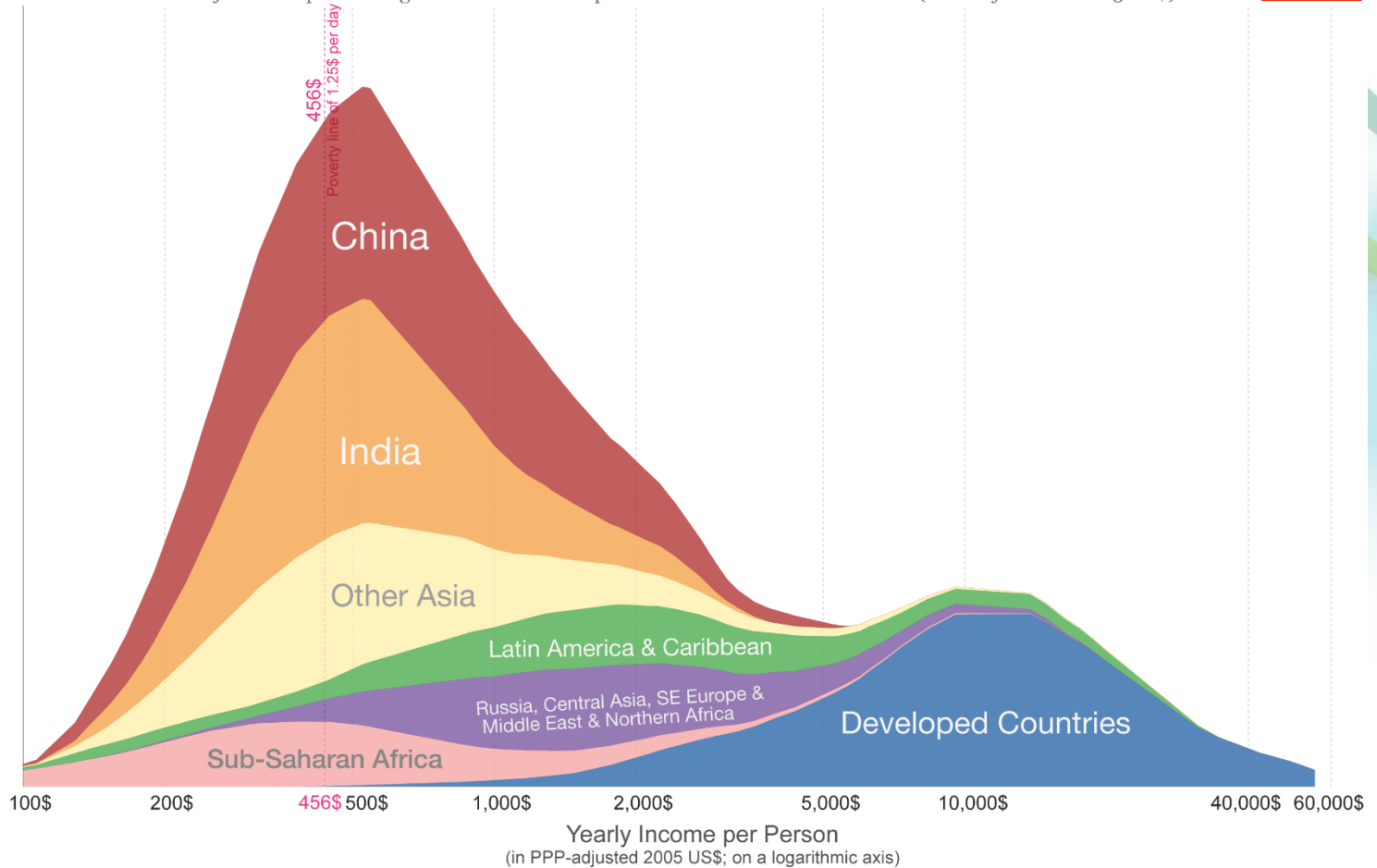
A web publication by [Max Roser](#).

[Give me Feedback](#)

# Global Income Distribution 1998

Incomes are adjusted for price changes over time and for price differences between countries (PPP-adjusted to 2005 US\$).

The y-axis is scaled such that the area under the graph corresponds to the regional (and global) size of the population.



Data source: Lakner and Milanovic (2015) – *Global Income Distribution: From the Fall of the Berlin Wall to the Great Recession*, World Bank Economic Review.

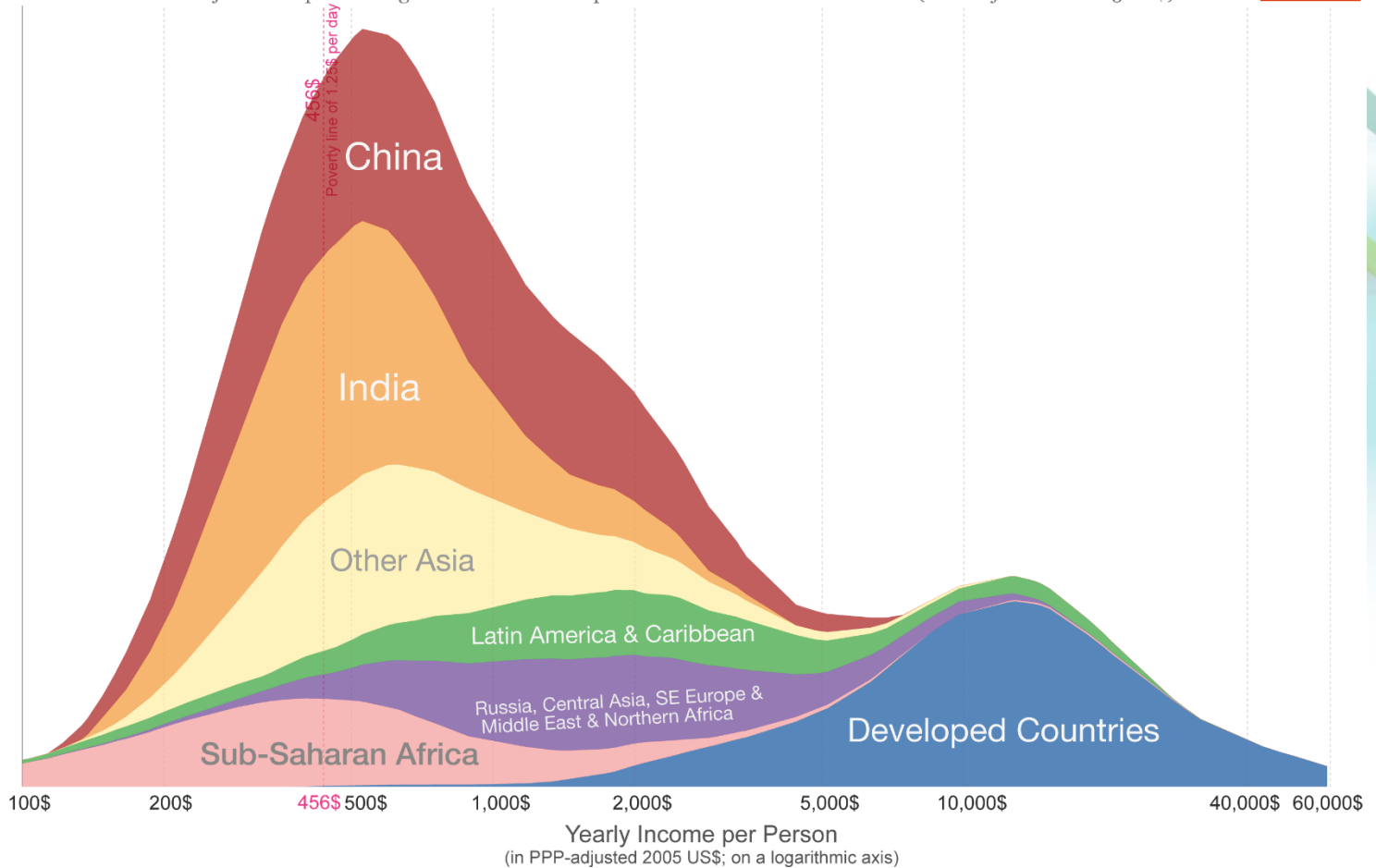
The interactive data visualization is available at [OurWorldinData.org](http://OurWorldinData.org). There you find more visualizations on this topic. Licensed under CC-BY-SA by the authors Zdenek Hynek and Max Roser.



# Global Income Distribution 2003

Incomes are adjusted for price changes over time and for price differences between countries (PPP-adjusted to 2005 US\$).

The y-axis is scaled such that the area under the graph corresponds to the regional (and global) size of the population.

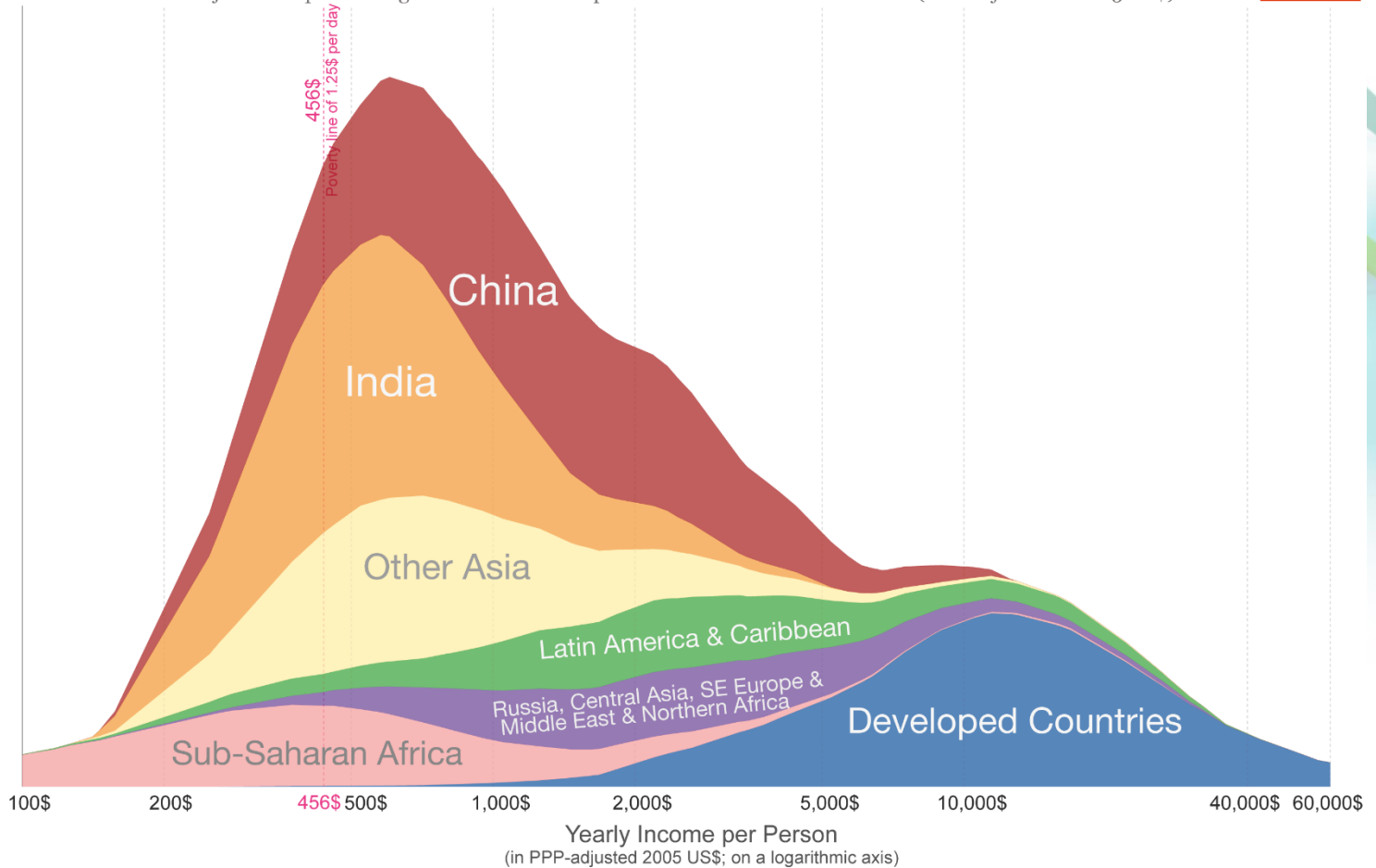


Data source: Lakner and Milanovic (2015) – *Global Income Distribution: From the Fall of the Berlin Wall to the Great Recession*, World Bank Economic Review. The interactive data visualization is available at [OurWorldinData.org](http://OurWorldinData.org). There you find more visualizations on this topic. Licensed under CC-BY-SA by the authors Zdenek Hynek and Max Roser.

# Global Income Distribution 2008

Incomes are adjusted for price changes over time and for price differences between countries (PPP-adjusted to 2005 US\$).

The y-axis is scaled such that the area under the graph corresponds to the regional (and global) size of the population.

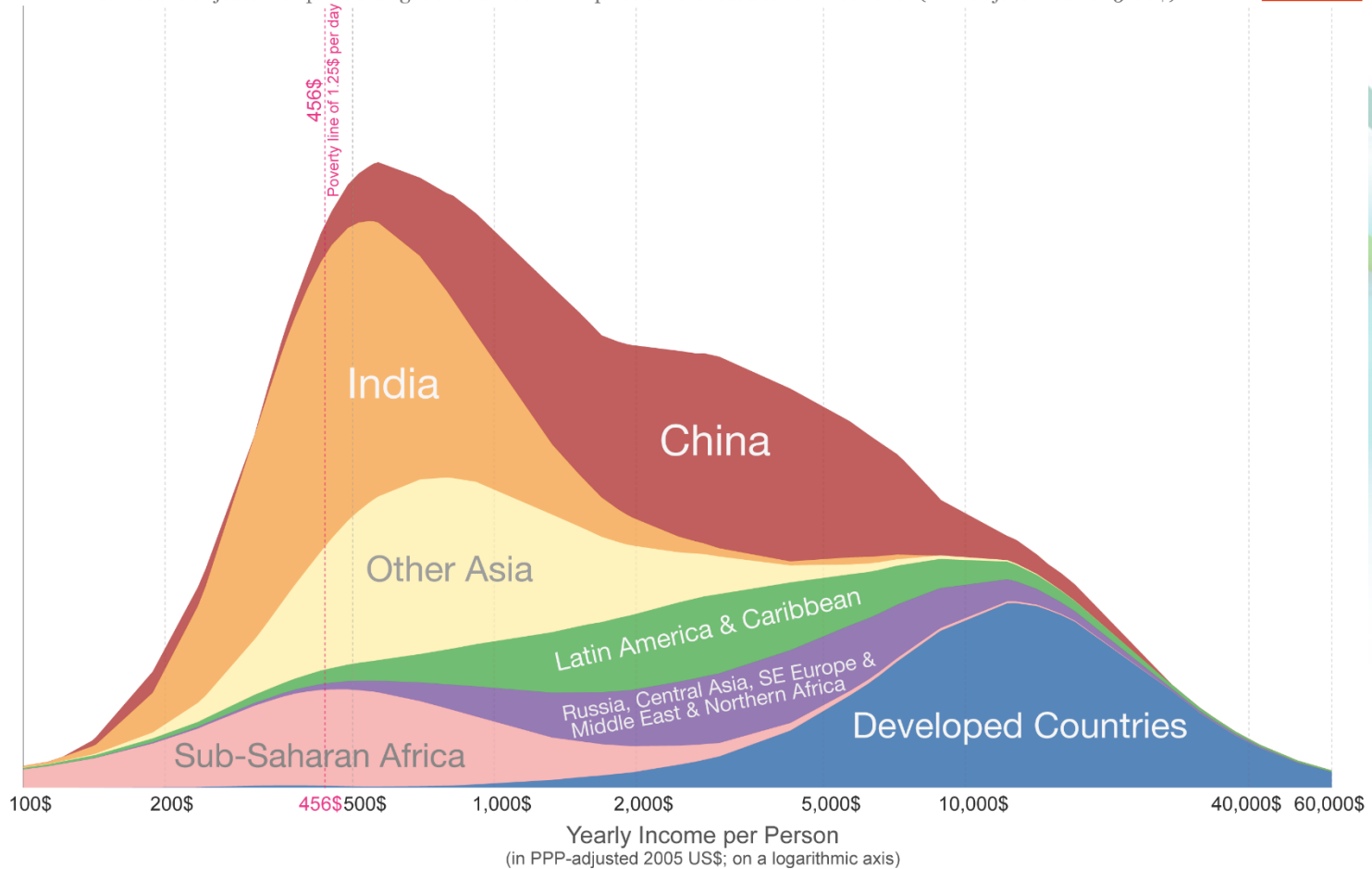


Data source: Lakner and Milanovic (2015) – *Global Income Distribution: From the Fall of the Berlin Wall to the Great Recession*, World Bank Economic Review. The interactive data visualization is available at [OurWorldinData.org](http://OurWorldinData.org). There you find more visualizations on this topic. Licensed under CC-BY-SA by the authors Zdenek Hynek and Max Roser.

# Global Income Distribution 2011

Incomes are adjusted for price changes over time and for price differences between countries (PPP-adjusted to 2005 US\$).

The y-axis is scaled such that the area under the graph corresponds to the regional (and global) size of the population.

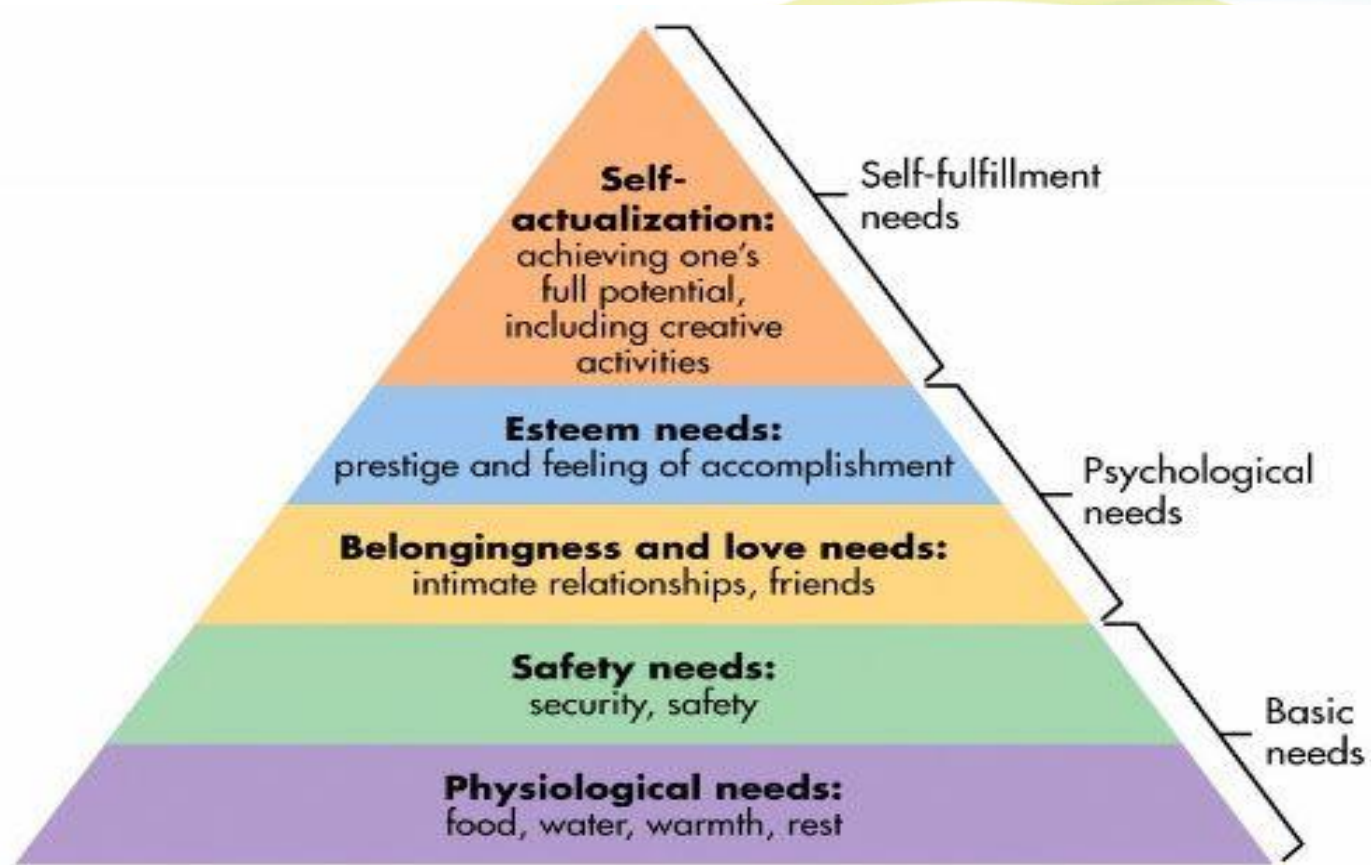


Data source: Lakner and Milanovic (2015) – *Global Income Distribution: From the Fall of the Berlin Wall to the Great Recession*, World Bank Economic Review.

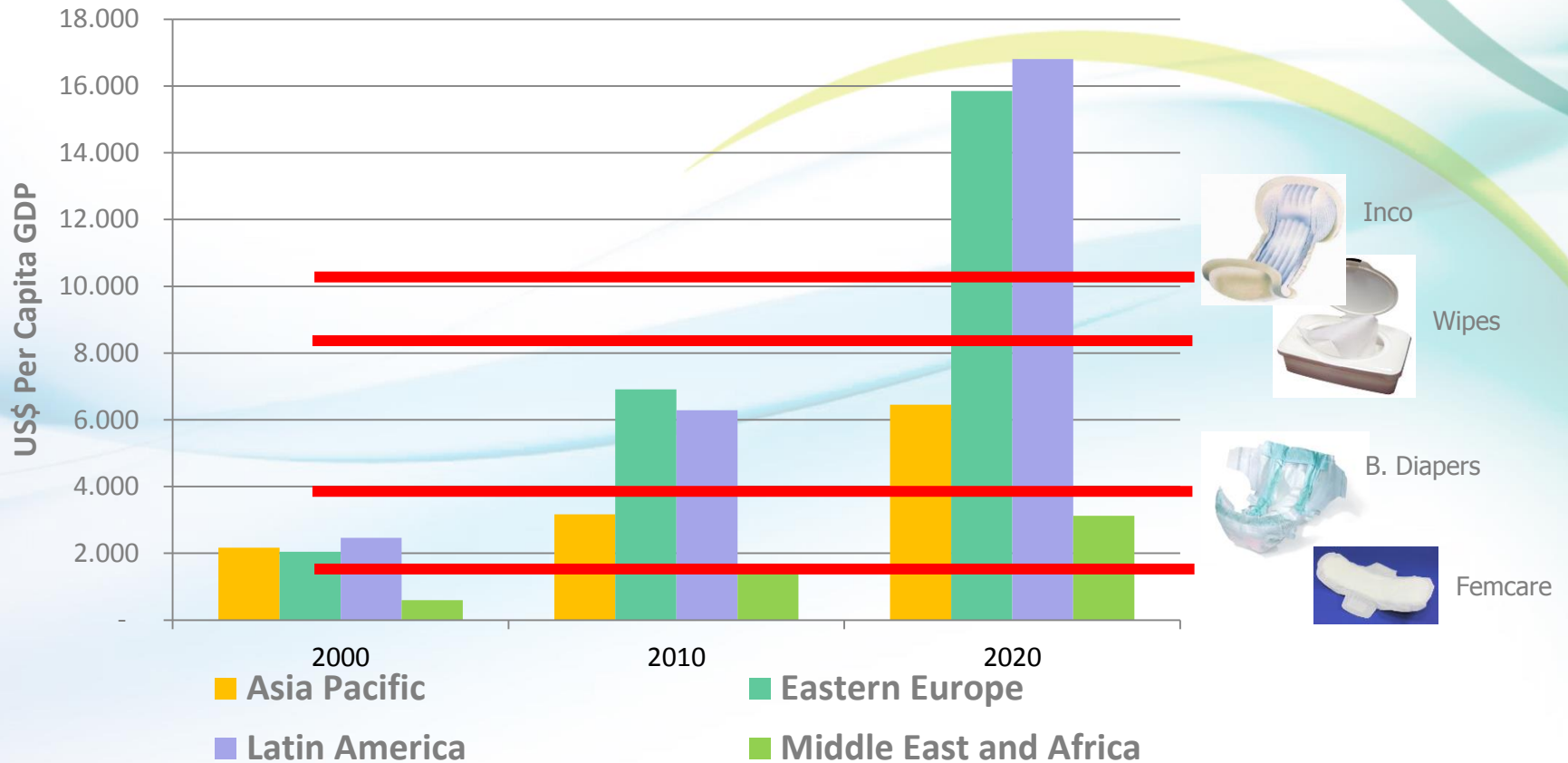
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Licensed under CC-BY-SA by the authors Zdenek Hynek and Max Roser.

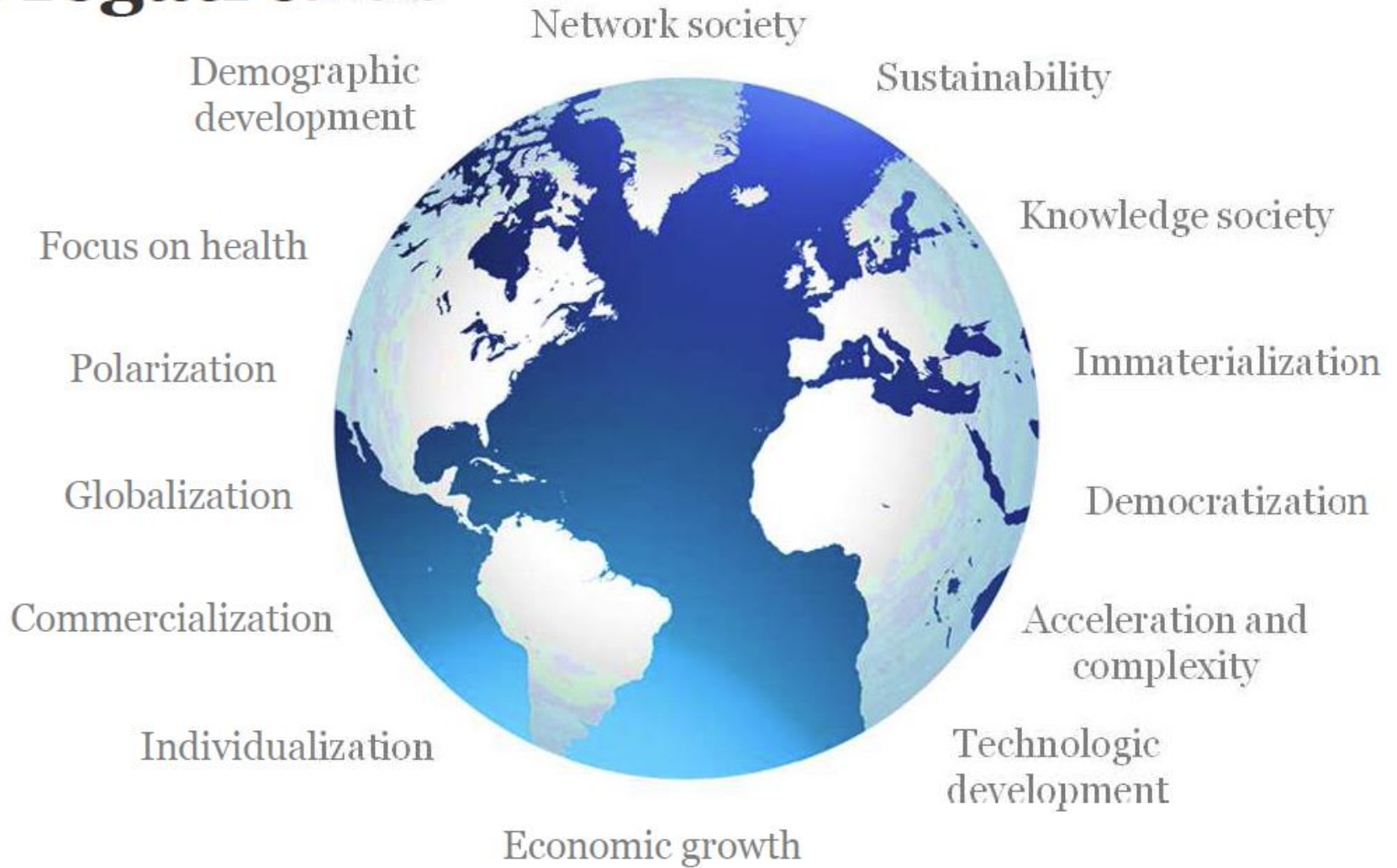
# Maslowsche Hierarchie der Bedürfnisse



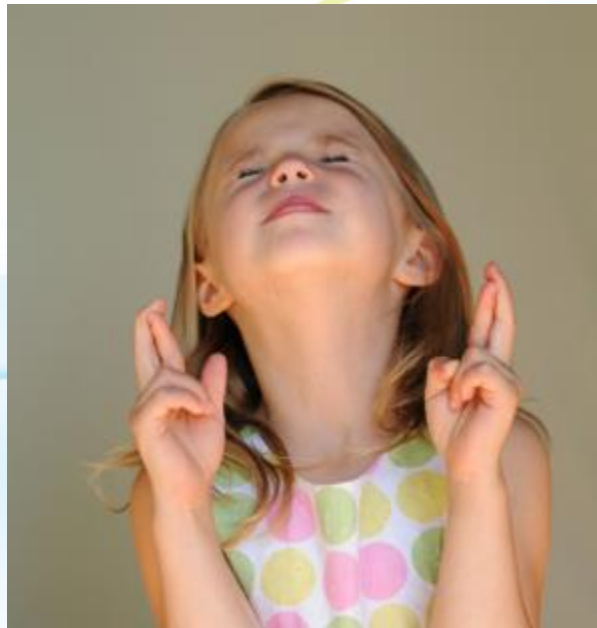
# Beispiel des Zugangs zu Produkten auf Vliesstoff-Basis: Geschätztes Niveau des verfügbaren Einkommens für AHP's (Quelle: misc. Euromonitor reports)



# Megatrends



# Bevorzugte Zukunft





# Bevorzugte Zukunft

- Unsicherheiten verringern
- Hindernisse vermeiden oder beseitigen
  - ▶ Beispiele: Handel & Steuern Lobbying (gegen Textilien Ursprungsregel)
  - ▶ Öffentliche Wahrnehmung beeinflussen (Ökobilanz –LCA-Sustainability- Abfallwirtschaft)
  - ▶ Product Stewardship



# Öffentliche Wahrnehmung beeinflussen: Beispiele EDANA Infographics

# AUTOMOTIVE

## LIGHTWEIGHT FABRICS FOR VEHICLES



NONWOVENS ARE  
**15% TO 30% LIGHTER**  
THAN THE TRADITIONAL  
MATERIALS THEY REPLACE,  
MAKING YOUR CAR  
MORE THAN   
**2KG LIGHTER.**



**LESS POLLUTION = BETTER HEALTH :**  
IF NONWOVENS WERE USED  
IN ALL NEW CARS IN THE EU,  
THIS WOULD RESULT IN  
**MORE THAN 2,000**  
DISABILITY ADJUSTED  
LIFE YEARS.

FOR AN AVERAGE  
PASSENGER CAR, USING  
NONWOVENS SAVES  
**55 KG CO<sub>2</sub>**  
**EQUIVALENTS**  
OVER ITS LIFETIME.



**TWO THIRDS OF THIS  
BENEFIT COMES FROM  
THE USE OF THE CAR.**  
THAT IS FROM THE DAY  
THAT YOU BEGIN DRIVING IT.



CARS USING NONWOVENS  
IN ALL POSSIBLE  
APPLICATIONS, FROM  
INSULATION, TO LININGS  
HAVE A BENEFIT OF  
**MORE THAN 30%**  
**LESS IMPACT**  
ON THE ENVIRONMENT.

EVERY YEAR ABOUT  
**13 MILLION NEW**  
PASSENGER CARS ARE  
REGISTERED IN THE EU.  
IF THESE CARS WERE ALL  
EQUIPPED WITH MODERN  
NONWOVEN MATERIALS,



THIS EQUALS  
**3.7 BILLION KMS**  
IN A MEDIUM-SIZED  
PASSENGER CAR.

YOU COULD DRIVE TO THE  
MOON AND BACK  
**MORE THAN**  
**4,800**  
**TIMES!**



ALTERNATIVELY,  
THIS SAVING EQUALS  
THE REDUCTION OF  
**250,000**  
PASSENGER CARS   
ON THE ROAD.   
  
  
OR ENOUGH CARS TO  
STRETCH THE LENGTH OF  
**ITALY**  
FROM NORTH  
TO SOUTH.



Nonwovens are used in many parts of a car, including temperature and sound insulation, seating, liners for the roof and wheel arches, and linings and carpets throughout the vehicle.

Nonwovens replace heavier materials, meaning lighter cars which use less fuel, generating less greenhouse gas emissions. This leads to improved air quality, saving resources and better health for people.

More efficient production is also achieved with the use of recycled polyester in seating, flooring, linings and insulation, meaning a further reduction of the environmental impact of nonwovens and the cars they are used in.

Source: Denkstatt case study on automotive nonwovens

©EDANA

# GEOTEXTILES

## ROAD CONSTRUCTION

TODAY, WITH  
**70%** OF ROADS  
CONSTRUCTED  
USING NONWOVENS REPRESENTS



IF **ALL** NEW ROADS  
IN THE E.U. WERE BUILT  
WITH NONWOVENS,  
THIS WOULD INCREASE TO



A SAVING OF  
**4.8 MILLION**  
TONNES OF  
CO<sub>2</sub> EQUIVALENTS



A SAVING OF  
**6.8 MILLION**  
TONNES OF  
CO<sub>2</sub> EQUIVALENTS

THIS EQUALS AROUND  
**22 BILLION KMS**  
IN YOUR CAR. 

YOU COULD DRIVE  
AROUND THE  
EARTH'S  
EQUATOR  
NEARLY  
**550,000**  
TIMES!



OR A SAVING OF  
**32 BILLION KMS**  
IN YOUR CAR. 

YOU COULD DRIVE  
AROUND THE  
EARTH'S  
EQUATOR  
NEARLY  
**800,000**  
TIMES!



AROUND 750KM<sup>2</sup> OF GEOTEXTILE NONWOVENS  
(THE EQUIVALENT OF MORE THAN 185,000 FOOTBALL FIELDS)  
ARE MANUFACTURED AND SOLD EVERY YEAR, 60% OF THIS IS USED  
IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS.

THE BIGGEST IMPACT  
COMES FROM THE **WEIGHT**  
OF THESE MATERIALS.



GRAVEL  
**690KG/M<sup>2</sup>**

GRAVEL WEIGHS **690KG PER M<sup>2</sup>**  
VERSUS **175G PER M<sup>2</sup>**  
FOR NONWOVENS, MAKING  
THEM ALMOST  
**4,000 TIMES**  
LIGHTER!



NONWOVENS  
**175G/M<sup>2</sup>**

FROM THEIR  
MANUFACTURE  
TO INSTALLATION, 1 M<sup>2</sup>  
OF GRAVEL TO COVER ROADS  
TO A STANDARD THICKNESS  
OF 30CM IS  
EQUIVALENT TO  
**11.2KG OF CO<sub>2</sub>**  
WHILE EVERY  
M<sup>2</sup> OF GEOTEXTILE  
**NONWOVEN**  
IS EQUIVALENT  
TO 0.6KG OF CO<sub>2</sub>.

NEARLY  
**20 TIMES**  
MORE EFFICIENT!



FOR COSTS, THIS  
IS JUST AS IMPRESSIVE.  
WITH A COST PER M<sup>2</sup> OF  
**BETWEEN €15 TO €30**  
FOR GRAVEL AND  
BETWEEN  
**€2 TO €3**  
FOR GEOTEXTILE  
NONWOVENS.  
THIS MEANS A COST SAVING  
USING NONWOVENS OF AN  
**AVERAGE 8.5 BILLION**  
EUROS PER YEAR.  
THAT'S NEARLY TWICE  
THE G.D.P. OF  
FIJI!



Nonwovens used in road construction mean a stronger road, which can be manufactured with fewer materials.

By letting water pass through the nonwoven layer, this keeps other materials from slipping away.

By being lighter, thinner and more resource-efficient than gravel, nonwoven geotextiles offer both an environmental benefit, and cost savings.

# WATER FILTRATION

WATER-BORNE DISEASES SUCH AS DIARRHOEA



CAUSE 2 MILLION DEATHS EVERY YEAR, AND THIS DISEASE ALONE AMOUNTS TO AN ESTIMATED 4.1% OF THE TOTAL GLOBAL BURDEN OF DISEASE.

88% OF THAT BURDEN IS DUE TO UNSAFE WATER SUPPLY, SANITATION AND HYGIENE, MOSTLY AFFECTING CHILDREN IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. MANY DISEASES COULD BE PREVENTED THROUGH BETTER ACCESS TO SAFE WATER SUPPLY.



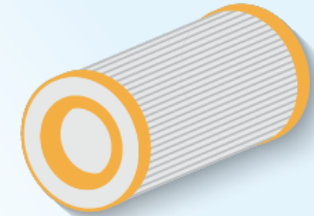
THE GLOBAL MARKET FOR NONWOVEN FILTER MEDIA IS PROJECTED TO EXPERIENCE A 7% (CAGR) GROWTH OVER FIVE YEARS TO 2015, INCREASING FROM A VALUE OF \$2.5 BILLION IN 2010 TO \$3.5 BILLION IN 2015.



THE MOST RAPID GROWTH WILL BE IN THE ASIA-PACIFIC REGION, WITH APPROXIMATELY 9.5% GROWTH IN 2015.



FOR THE MORE MATURE MARKETS IN NORTH AMERICA AND THE EUROPEAN UNION, GROWTH RATE OF 5.4% AND 5.2% IS ESTIMATED OVER THIS SAME FIVE-YEAR PERIOD.



Water is essential to life. Microbial contamination of drinking water contributes to disease outbreaks and background rates of disease worldwide. To improve public health and quality of life, pollutants must be eliminated from drinking water.

Nonwovens enable the successful filtration of drinking water. Effective water filtration helps prevent disease, and removes undesirable chemicals, biological contaminants, suspended solids and gases from contaminated water.

Nonwovens are used in filtration because they can remove particulates from fluids. Nonwovens are not only used for water filtration, but also for other liquid filtration applications (e.g. beverage, hydraulic oils, fuels etc.). The product selected will vary depending on the liquid, the desired performance and the nature of the contaminants to be removed.

# CROP COVERS

IN GROWING STRAWBERRIES, A FARMER ONLY HAS TO SAVE **2%**



OF THE VALUE OF THEIR CROP TO MAKE USING NONWOVEN CROP COVERS WORTHWHILE. THIS TRANSLATES TO A **SAVING OF €25 MILLION** PER YEAR OF STRAWBERRIES THAT WOULDN'T HAVE MADE IT TO MARKET, OR TO THE FARMER GROWING THEM.



AROUND **2%** OF THE AMOUNT OF TOTAL NONWOVEN CROP COVERS ARE USED TO COVER SUGAR BEET PILES. THAT IS, THE VEGETABLE ONCE IT'S BEEN HARVESTED. THIS EQUALS MORE THAN

**9,000** **FOOTBALL FIELDS!**

BY COVERING THE SUGAR BEETS WHEN HARVESTED, FARMERS **EARN €54 MILLION** PER YEAR THAT WOULD OTHERWISE HAVE BEEN SPOILED!



AROUND 1,840 MILLION M<sup>2</sup> OF NONWOVENS FOR CROP COVERS (THE EQUIVALENT OF 40,000 TONNES) ARE MANUFACTURED AND SOLD EVERY YEAR.



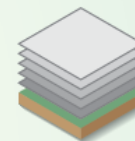
WHEN **10%** OF THE HARVESTED SUGAR BEETS ARE PREVENTED FROM SPOILING, THIS **SAVES 65,000 TONNES OF CO<sub>2</sub>** EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS. THIS EQUALS AROUND **300 MILLION KM** IN YOUR CAR.

MEANING YOU COULD DRIVE AROUND THE EARTH'S EQUATOR ALMOST **7,500 TIMES**, OR A ROUND TRIP TO THE MOON **NEARLY 400 TIMES!**



FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF THE PRODUCT, **WITH AS FEW AS 2 USES**, THE **CO<sub>2</sub>** EQUIVALENT IMPACT OF THE CROP COVER FOR SUGAR BEETS **IS EQUAL TO 11%** OF THE CROP'S IMPACT.

HARVEST PROTECTION COVERS ARE EVEN MORE EFFICIENT AS THEY ARE USED ON AVERAGE



**5X**

WHICH BRINGS THEIR CO<sub>2</sub> EQUIVALENT **DOWN TO 0.5%** OF THE CO<sub>2</sub> EQUIVALENT GENERATED WHEN GROWING THE CROP.

Nonwovens protect crops, which means more efficient agricultural production.

By increasing the production and limiting damage to crops, nonwovens ensure that what is grown in the field counts.

Two types of crop covers are used, to either protect the fruit or vegetable while it's growing on the field, or to protect the produce once it's been harvested.

Nonwoven crop covers can also be used again and again, making their use even more valuable.

Limiting exposure to frost, wind, rain, hail, and animals (both big and small), nonwovens offer protection for the produce and farmer alike.

Source: Denkstatt case study on agricultural nonwovens for crop cover





# 20 years of **Life Cycle Assessments**

EDANA Environmental Evaluation Committee  
Overview of Life Cycle Assessments - January 2013



# Öffentliche Wahrnehmung beeinflussen: Beispiel Produktverantwortung



# Modernes und positives Image der Branche



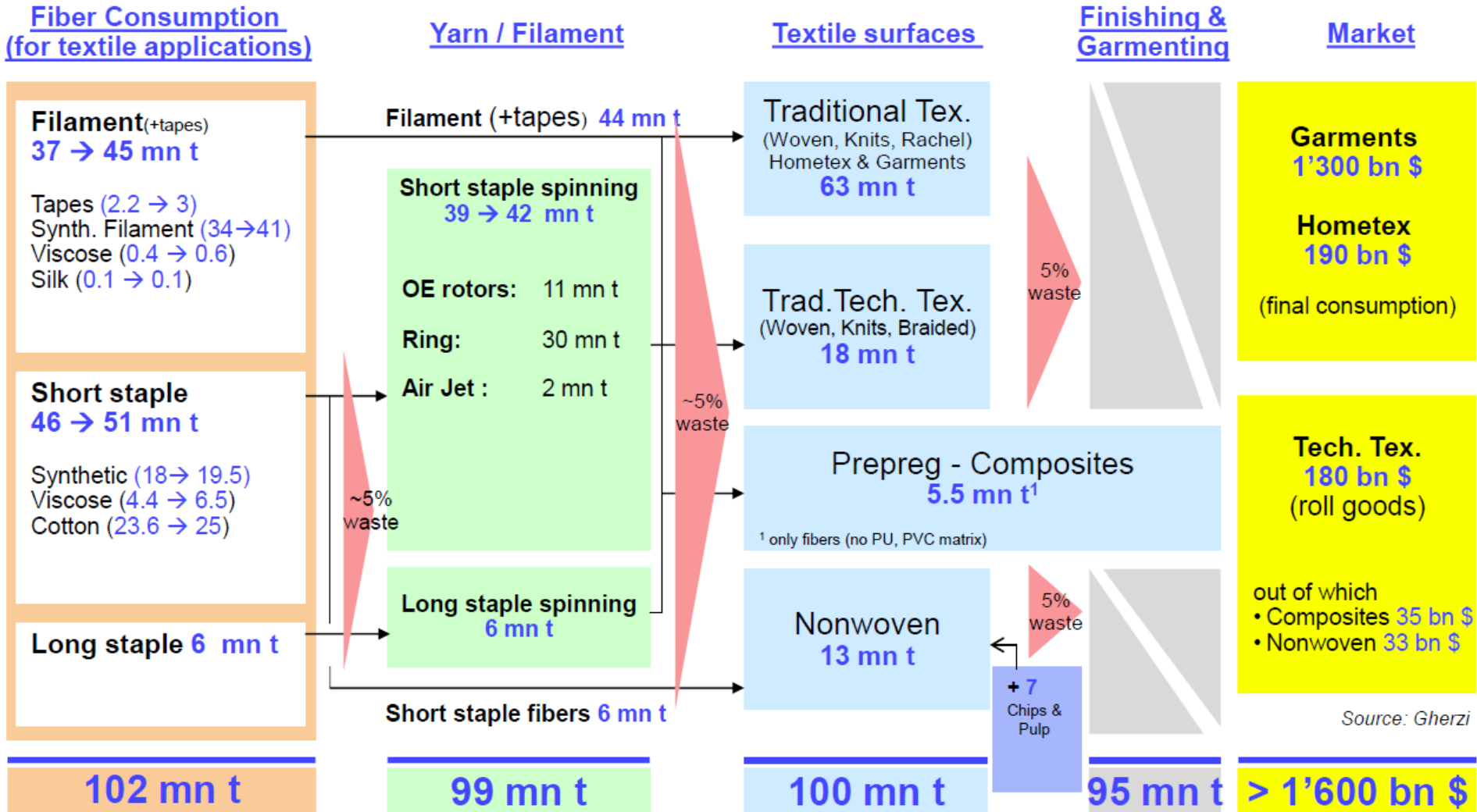
***Nonwovens is my job!***

- ✓ Vorwort
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- **Vision für die Branche des Jahres 2025**
- Schlussfolgerung



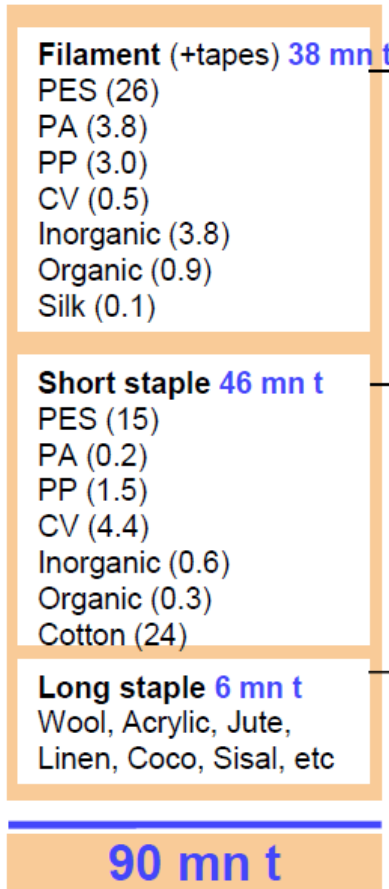
# Vliesstoffindustrie bleibt am schnellsten wachsende Faserstoffbranche

# Textile added value chain 2020

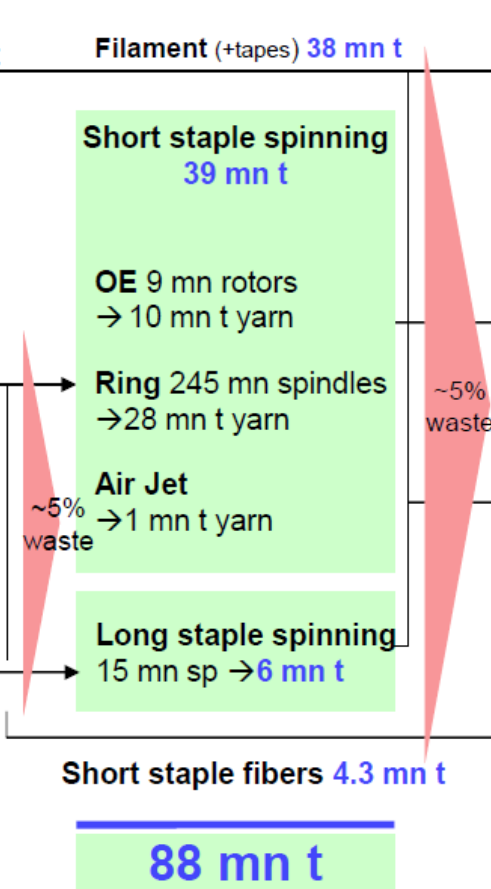


# Textile added value chain 2014

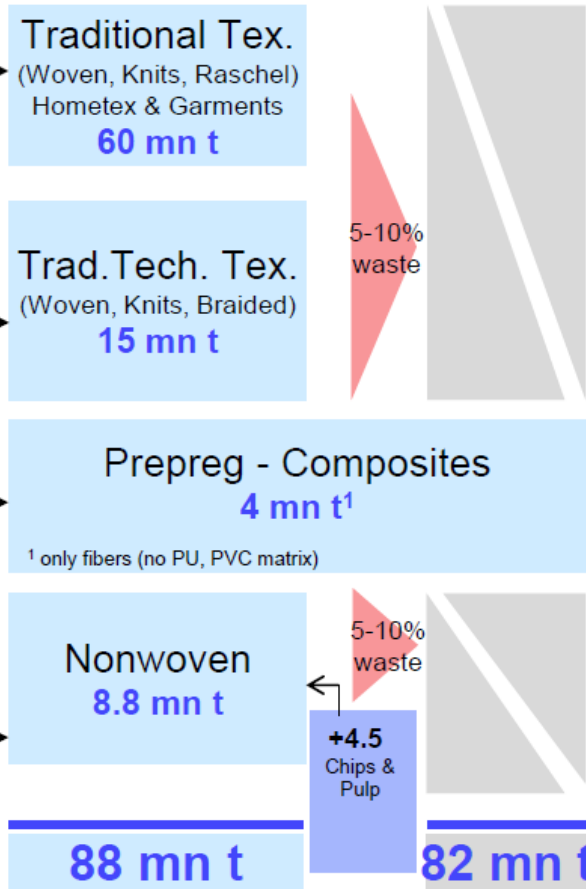
## Fiber Consumption (for textile applications)



## Yarn / Filament



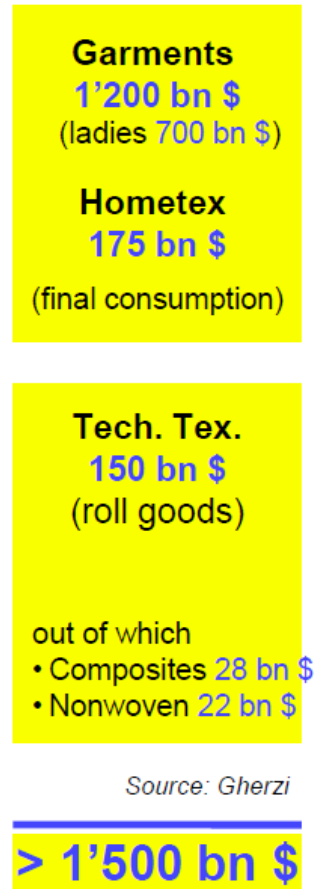
## Textile surfaces



## Finishing & Garmenting



## Market

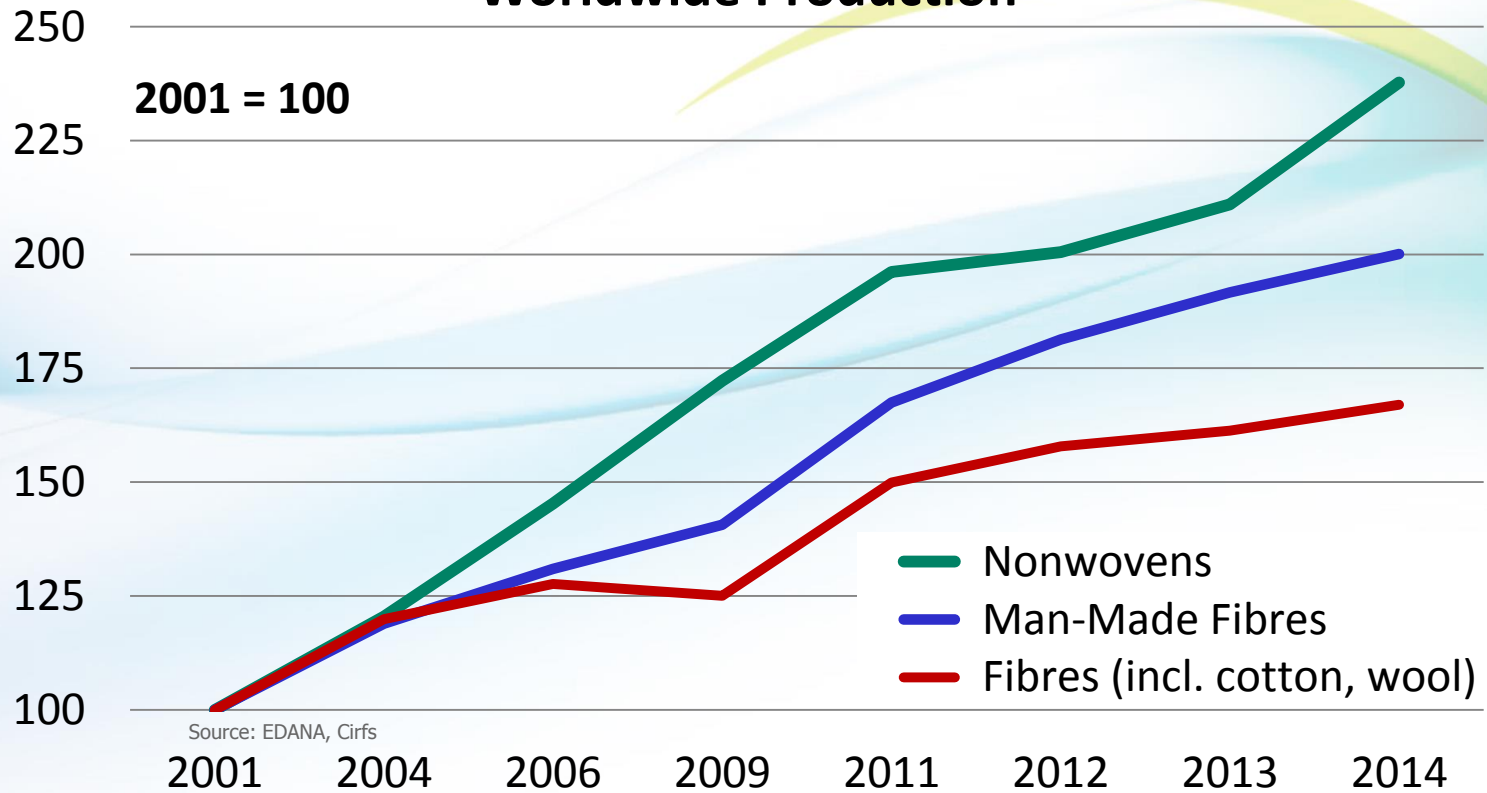


Source: Gherzi



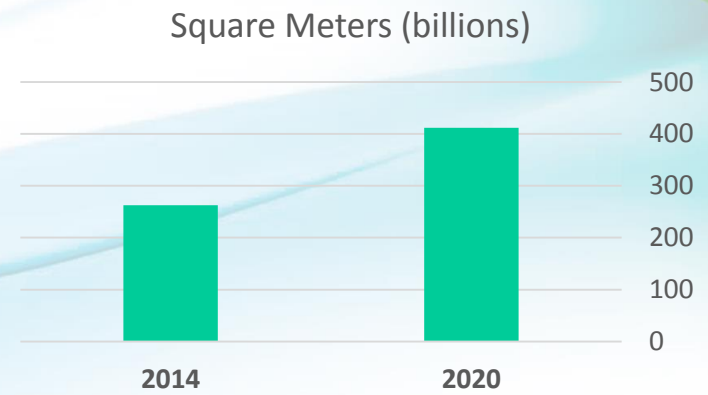
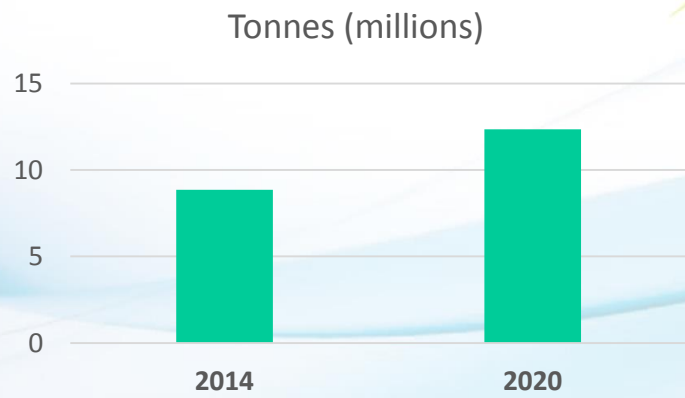
## Nonwovens vs. Total Textile Fibres

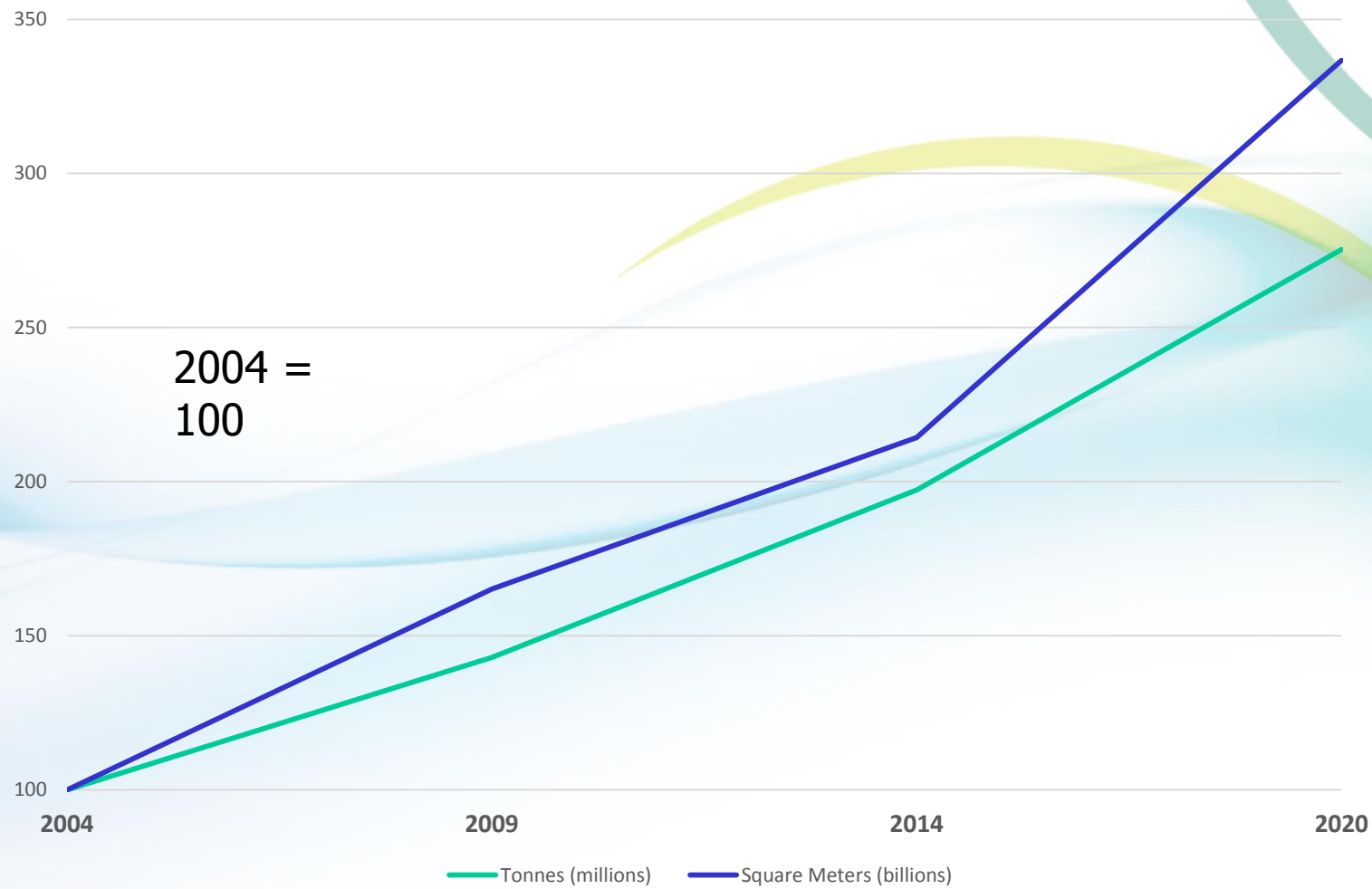
### Worldwide Production





# Vliesstoffe: weniger ist mehr





## Outlook for Worldwide Nonwovens Production

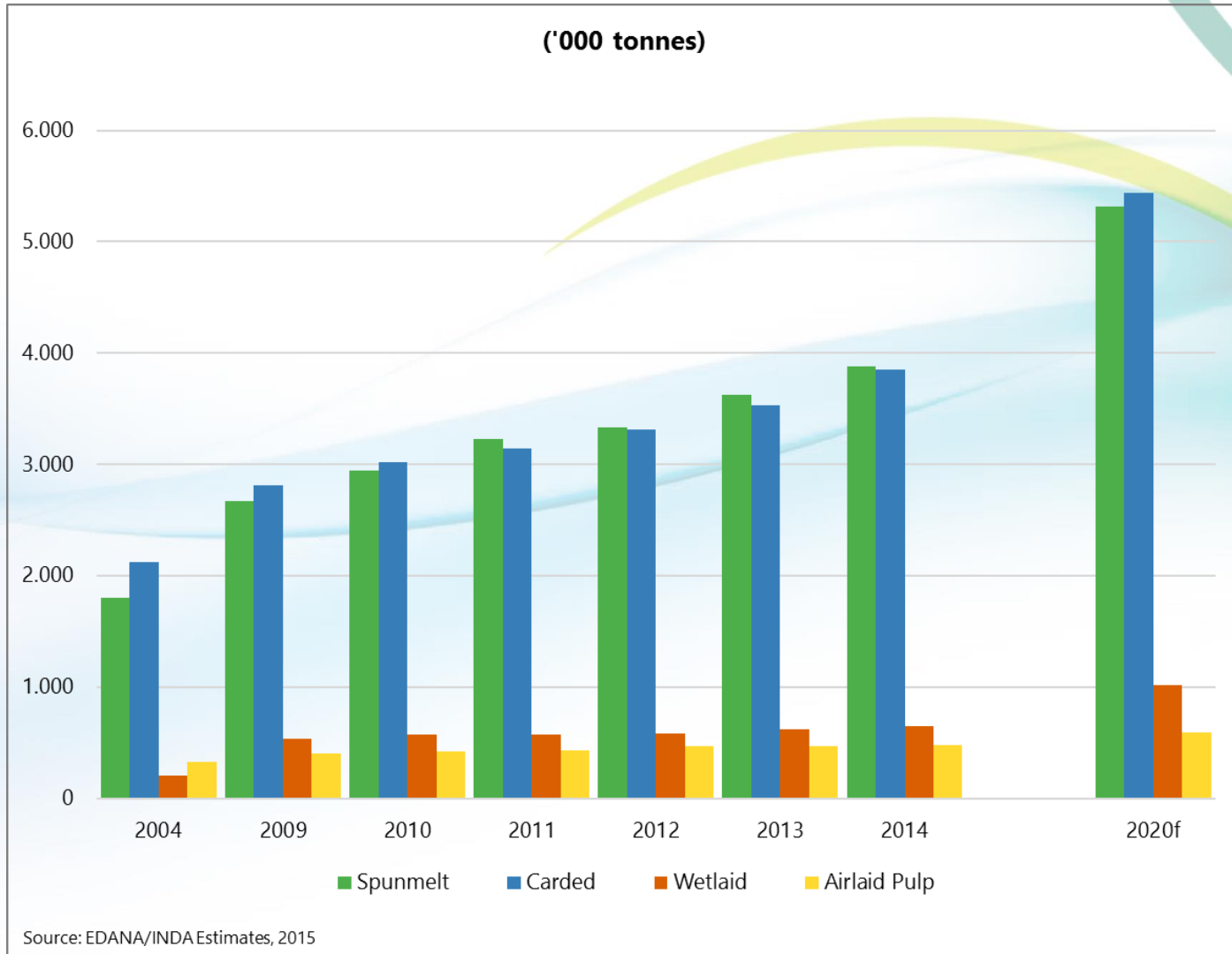
					<b>Annual Growth Rate</b>	
	<b>2004</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2004- 2014-</b>	<b>2014- 2020</b>
Tonnes (millions)	4,49	6,42	8,86	12,36	7,0%	5,7%
Square Meters (billions)	122,4	202,1	262,3	412,1	7,9%	7,8%
Dollars (billions)	19,9	27,3	35,6	48,2	6,0%	5,2%
Consumption per Person (kg per capita)	0,71	0,96	1,24	1,62	5,8%	4,5%

WORLDWIDE OUTLOOK  
FOR THE NONWOVENS INDUSTRY  
**2014-2020**





# Worldwide Outlook for Nonwoven Production by Web Forming Process





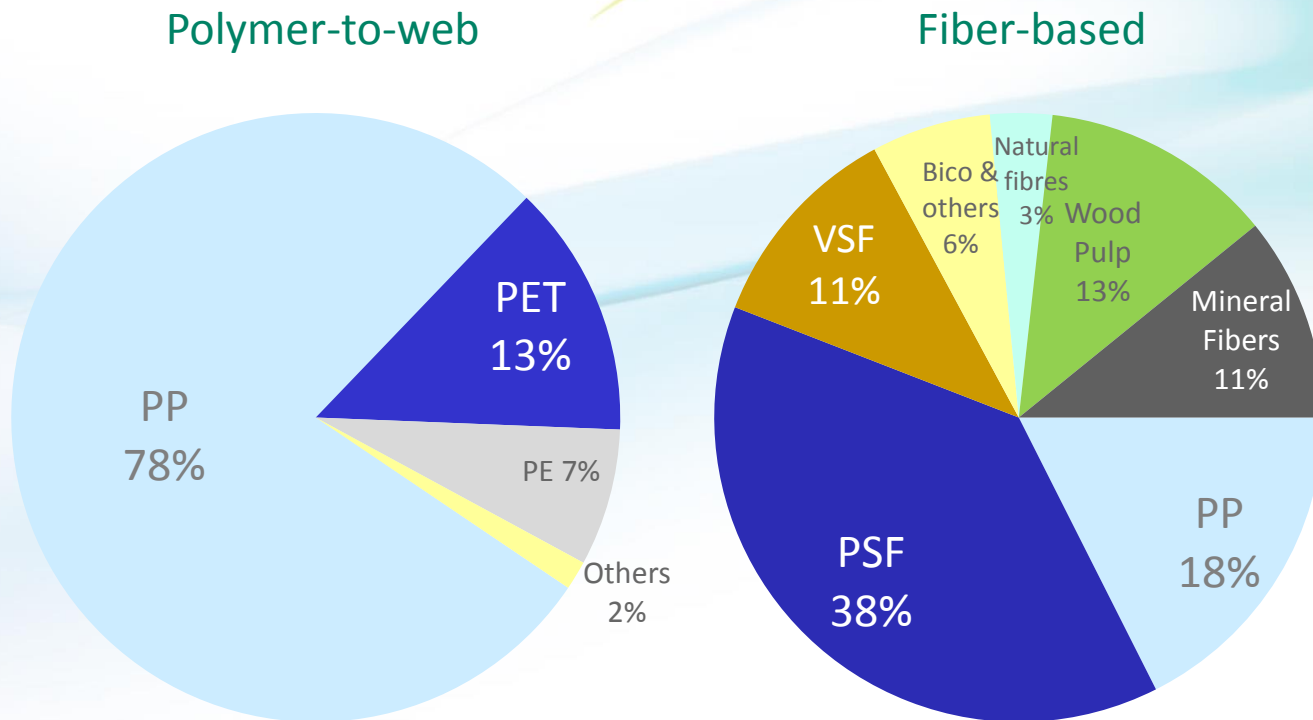
**Vliesstoffe basieren weiterhin auf Petrochemie, doch zunehmend auch auf erneuerbaren Quellen**

# Rohmaterialien – einige Fakten

- Bereits 30 % der faserbasierten Vliesstoffe werden aus erneuerbaren Rohstoffen hergestellt bzw. basieren darauf.
- 2012 betrug der Einsatz von Materialien auf Öl-Basis bei Vliesstoffen weniger als 0,2% des Rohöls weltweit.
- Wachsender Trend Richtung Bio-Polymere wird durch verfügbare Kapazitäten, Kosten und Nutzung durch andere Sektoren begrenzt.

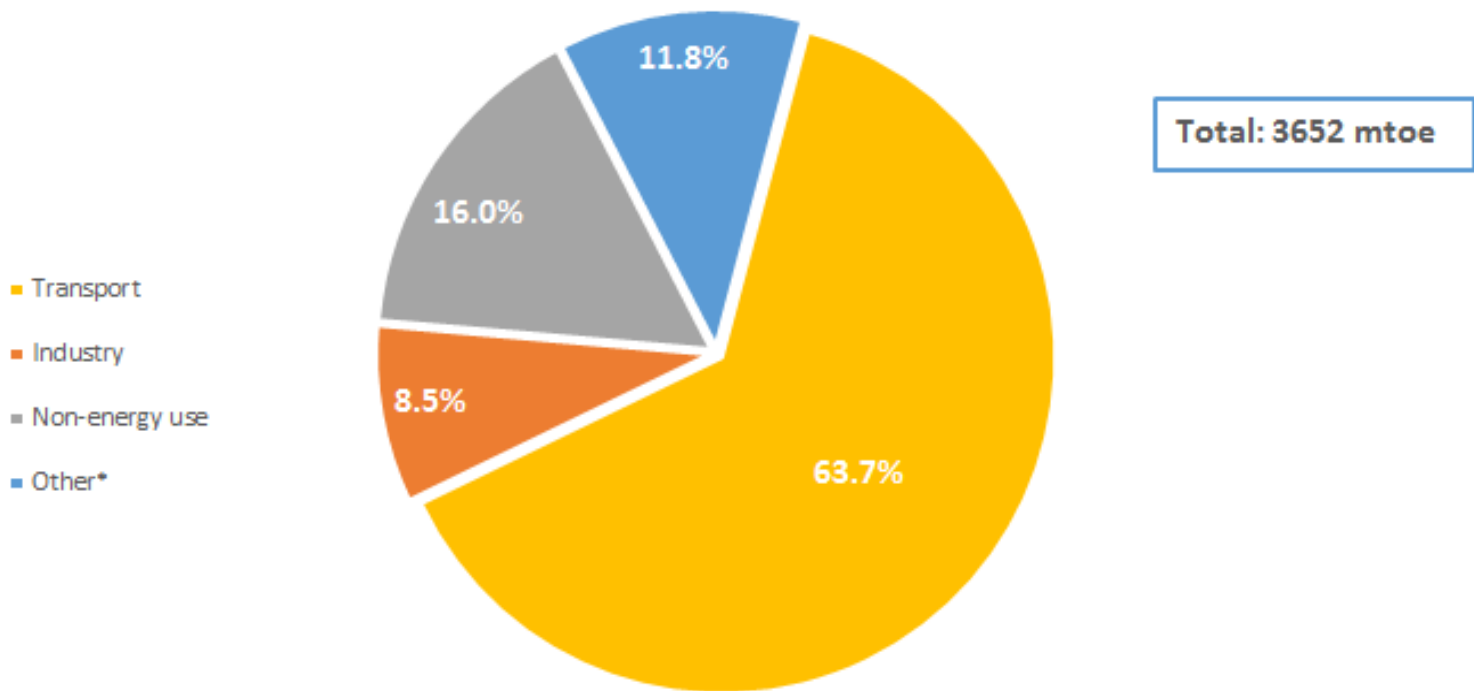
# World Consumption of Raw Materials for Nonwovens

- 2014 consumption of polymers & fibres: 9,716 Tonnes



Source: ANFA, EDANA, INDA

## Global crude oil consumption in 2012, breakdown by sector



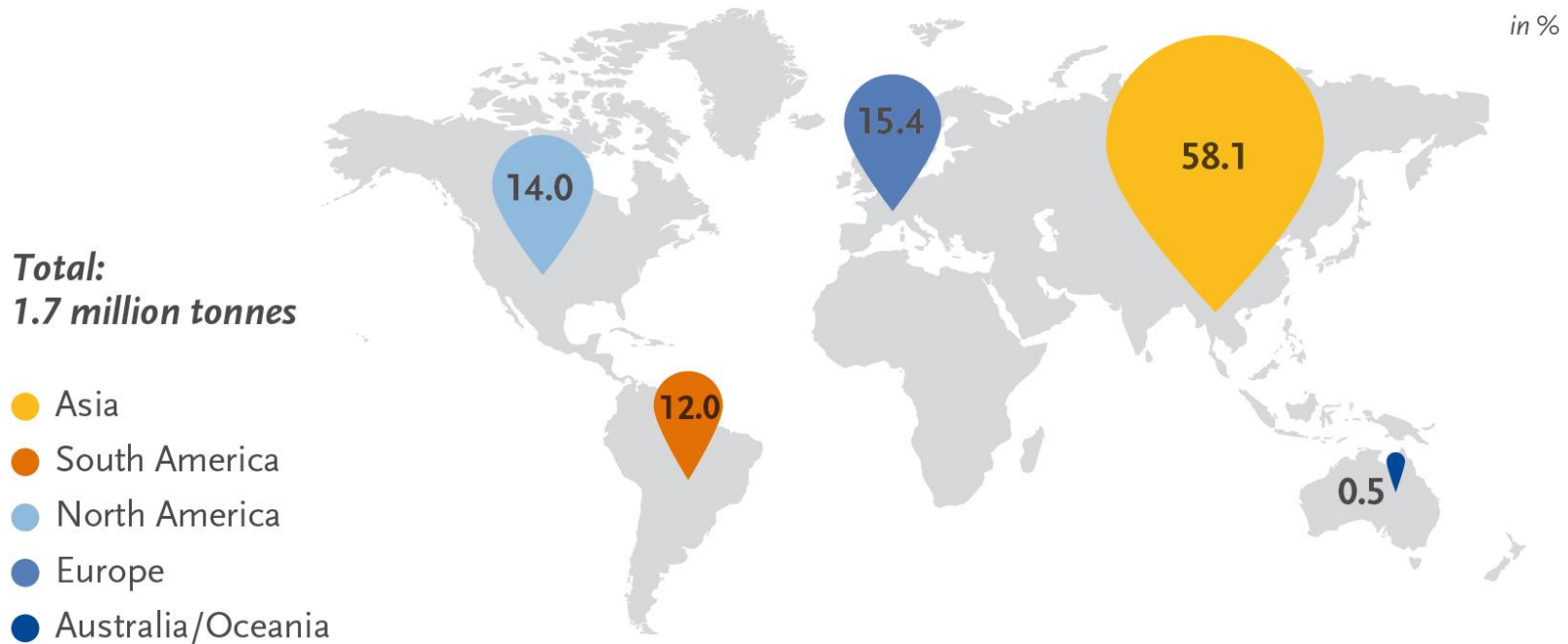
\*Agriculture, buildings, commercial & public services, and others.

Source: IEA Key World  
Energy Statistics 2014

# Regional development of bioplastics production capacities 2014

## Global production capacities of bioplastics in 2014 (by region)

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Source: European Bioplastics, Institute for Bioplastics and Biocomposites, nova-Institute (2015).

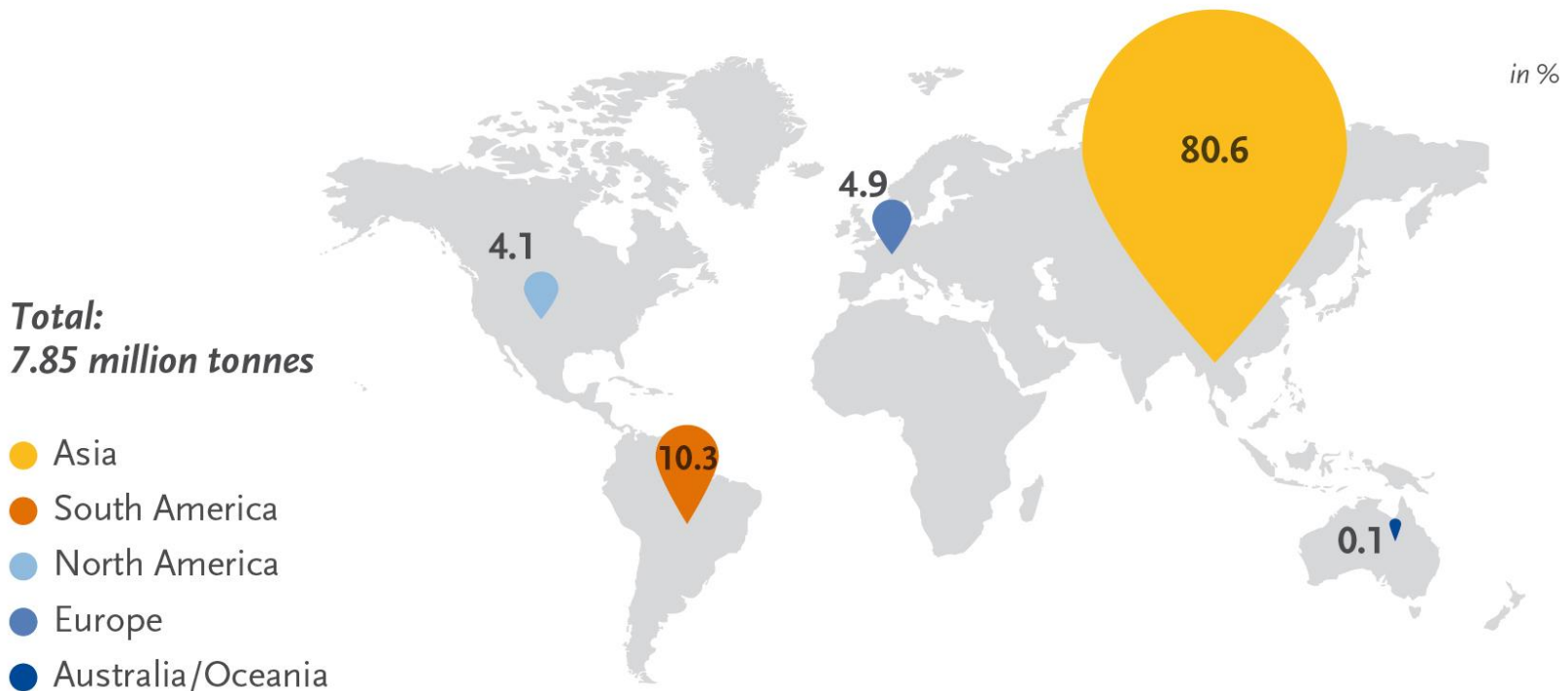
More information: [www.bio-based.eu/markets](http://www.bio-based.eu/markets) and [www.downloads.ifbb-hannover.de](http://www.downloads.ifbb-hannover.de)



# Regional development of production capacities 2019

## Global production capacities of bioplastics in 2019 (by region)

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Source: European Bioplastics, Institute for Bioplastics and Biocomposites, nova-Institute (2015).

More information: [www.bio-based.eu/markets](http://www.bio-based.eu/markets) and [www.downloads.ifbb-hannover.de](http://www.downloads.ifbb-hannover.de)

# Evolutionen statt Revolutionen...

- Vliesstoffe weiterhin hybridisiert/kombiniert
- Branchenkonzentration-Interesse bei Private-Equity-Funds
- Kreislaufwirtschaft



## 20 years of **Life Cycle Assessments**

**EDANA Environmental Evaluation Committee**  
Overview of Life Cycle Assessments - January 2013

- ✓ Vorwort
- ✓ Ziel dieses Vortrags
- ✓ Arten von Zukunft
- ✓ Lehren aus der jüngsten Vergangenheit
- ✓ Wachstumsmotor für die Zukunft der Vliesstoffindustrie
- ✓ Bevorzugte Zukunft
- ✓ Vision für die Branche des Jahres 2025
- **Schlussfolgerung**

# The VALUE CHAIN



Table II-3

## Outlook for Nonwoven Production by Region

('000 tonnes)

Region	2004	2009	2014	2020	Growth (AAGR)	
					2004-2014	2014-2020
North America	1.193	1.729	2.095	2.857	5,8%	5,3%
Greater Europe	1.336	1.673	2.167	2.876	5,0%	4,8%
Asia	1.415	2.428	3.707	5.300	10,1%	<b>6,1%</b>
<i>China</i>	<i>755</i>	<i>1.505</i>	<i>2.432</i>	<i>3.653</i>	<i>12,4%</i>	<i>7,0%</i>
<i>Japan</i>	<i>297</i>	<i>283</i>	<i>336</i>	<i>372</i>	<i>1,2%</i>	<i>1,7%</i>
<i>Other Asian countries</i>	<i>363</i>	<i>640</i>	<i>939</i>	<i>1.276</i>	<i>10,0%</i>	<b><i>5,2%</i></b>
South America	313	304	494	725	4,7%	<b>6,6%</b>
MENA	178	237	336	509	6,6%	<b>7,1%</b>
Rest of World	37	50	62	97	5,4%	<b>7,6%</b>
<b>World Total</b>	<b>4.472</b>	<b>6.420</b>	<b>8.862</b>	<b>12.364</b>	<b>7,1%</b>	<b>5,7%</b>

Source: EDANA/INDA/ANFA estimates, 2015







# Verpassen Sie die nächsten EDANA-Events nicht!

2017

**🌐 OUTLOOK™ Plus Latin America 2017**

Nonwovens hygiene, personal care  
and medical conference & tabletop exhibition  
7 – 9 March, 2017 Sao Paulo – Brazil

**🌐 INDEX™ 17**

The world's leading nonwovens exhibition  
4 – 7 April, 2017 Geneva – Switzerland

**🌐 FILTREX™ @INDEX™ 17**

Filtration conference & tabletop exhibition  
5 – 6 April, 2017 Geneva – Switzerland

**🌐 EurAsian Geotextiles Symposium**

Geotextiles conference & tabletop exhibition  
7 – 8 June, 2017 Beijing – China

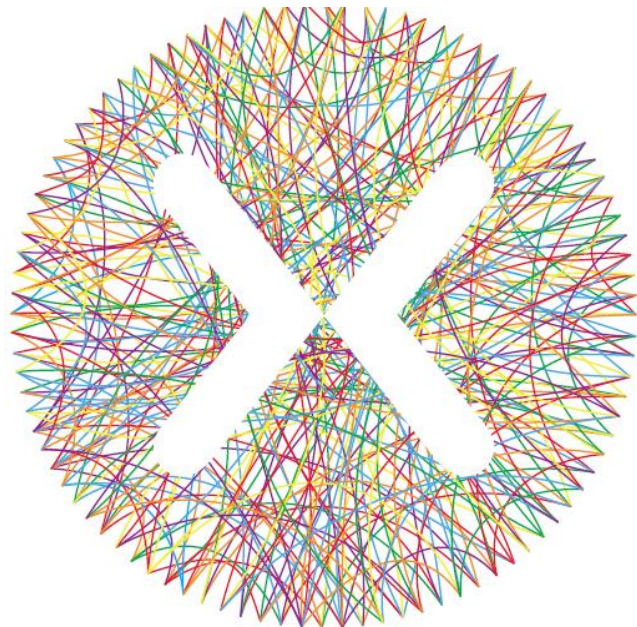
**🌐 OUTLOOK™ 2017**

Nonwovens hygiene, personal care conference  
27 – 29 September, 2017 Cascais – Portugal

**🌐 Nonwovens Innovation Academy**

Nonwovens research & innovation conference  
25 – 26 October, 2017 Chemnitz – Germany

||| Don't miss INDEX™ 17



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**index**<sup>TM</sup>**17**  
WORLD'S LEADING *nonwovens* EXHIBITION

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GENEVA-SWITZERLAND  
[INDEX17.ORG](http://INDEX17.ORG)

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